

Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

Napoleon Bonaparte

INTENTIONS OF THE LESSON

I WANT STUDENTS TO:

- 1.) **KNOW** the state of the governments in France and Europe that led to the rise of Napoleon.
- 2.) **UNDERSTAND** and explain how the rise of Napoleon led to the emergence of Nationalism.
- 3.) Complete a guided reading graphic organizer chronicling the Rise and Fall of Napoleon Bonaparte (**SKILL**).

DO NOW: Explain the phrase as it pertains to the Reign of Terror and the calls from the Directory for Napoleon to restore order in France. "Be careful what you wish for."

Napoleon Bonaparte

Birth and Early Career

- Born in 1769 on _____ (not native born French)
- Rapidly Rose through the French _____ ranks during the French Revolution.
- Defeated many of _____ armies in 1796 turning the tide of the external struggles of the French Revolution.
- Will become one of the greatest military leaders of the _____.

Le Coup d'état de Brumaire

- _____ - A sudden and decisive action in politics that leads to a change in _____ illegally or by force.
- Napoleon will lead a coup that will overthrow the _____.
- Replaced the 5 person Directory with a 3 person Consul with Napoleon as lead Consul and therefore the leading _____ personality in France.

Questioning Napoleon

- _____ will be a controversial person on French and World History.
- Some wonder whether Napoleon was a great leader and _____ for the French Revolution's ideals.
- Or was Napoleon a _____ and _____ who limited freedoms and was more of a dictator.

Napoleon the Enlightened Leader

- Set in motion the foundation of the modern _____ system in France and Europe; established a network of high schools, _____, and technical schools to educate young men in preparation for those jobs.

- Established the Napoleonic _____
 - Forbid the birthright privilege (eliminating _____)
 - Granted freedom of _____
 - Stated that government jobs were to be awarded on merit alone
 - New law of the land

Napoleon's Economic Reforms

- The Bank of France to regulate the _____
- Efficient tax _____ system
- These measures _____ that the government would not face the kinds of financial crisis that occurred before the Revolution.

Napoleon the Tyrant

- Thought of himself as Caesar – Ended the Revolution by limiting the _____ function of the Directory.
- Napoleon _____ all plays and limited the role of press in France.
- When he crowned himself _____ of France in 1804 Napoleon declared members of his family kings, queens, etc.

IN WHAT COUNTRIES DID NAPOLEON PLACE HIS RELATIVES?



Do you think placing one's relatives in power is an effective way to lead a nation or territory?

- Yes, they can be manipulated and will do what the leader tells them;
- No, because they might be inexperienced or ineffective.

1803-1815 Napoleonic Wars

- The French and Napoleon are at wars with European _____ against France.
- Napoleon will defeat _____ and _____ and ultimately bring an end to the Holy Roman Empire.

Battle of Trafalgar

- Napoleon's _____ is defeated by the _____ Navy.
- This is another huge victory for the British Navy establishing them as THE naval force in the _____ and _____ Century.

III Fated Russian Invasion

- Land Wars in Asia
- Napoleon attempts an invasion into _____.
- Soon finds out that the Russian _____ are harsh.
- French soldiers _____ to death and die of exposure on their way back from Russia
- Napoleon is ultimately removed - _____ to St. Helena, off southern coast of Africa.
- Impact: Nationalism-Sense of pride and _____ to one's nation.